

Practice Questions, Class-IX, Economics

Chapter-3, Poverty as a Challenge

1. Give two examples of poor people whom you come across in daily life.
2. What do you understand by human poverty?
3. Who is a poor person according to the World Bank?
4. How has Haryana reduced poverty?
5. Give the full form of REGP.
6. How is illiteracy responsible for poverty in India?
7. "Poverty reduction is expected to mark better progress in the next ten to fifteen years." Justify.
8. What do you understand by Social Exclusion?
9. "Wide disparities in poverty are visible between rural and urban areas and also among the different states in India." Elaborate.
10. Mention the features of the various Poverty Alleviation Programmes launched by the Indian Government.

Chapter-4, Food Security in India

1. State the three dimensions of food security.
2. "The government purchases the foodgrains for building a buffer stock at a price. " What do we call this price?
3. Why is Minimum Support Price declared by the government?
4. Give the full form of ICDS.
5. Give two examples of co-operatives.
6. Name the state in which grain banks have been set up by the NGOs.
7. Why is food security essential ? How is food security affected during the disaster?
8. In which regions of India,starvation deaths are reported ?
9. How does Minimum Support Price help in food seacurity ?
10. Explain the food intervention programmes introduced in the wake of high incidence of poverty levels as reported by NSSO.
11. Explain the role of Maharashtra Academy of Development Science (ADS). Mention any three points.
12. Trace the growth of food grains production in India since independence.
13. What is Public Distribution System? What is its importance?
14. Why is there a need for food security in India?