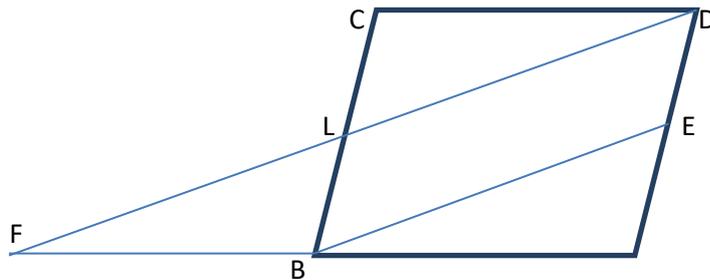


ST. THOMAS SCHOOL, INDIRAPURAM  
WORKSHEET, CLASS-IX (OCTOBER, 2019-20)  
LEVEL-1

1. Find the area of Quadrilateral ABCD in which  $AD=24$  cm,  $\angle BAD=90^\circ$  and BCD forms an equilateral triangle whose each side is equal to 26 cm.
2. Two parallel sides of trapezium are 60 cm, 77 cm and other sides are 25 cm and 26 cm. Find the area of trapezium.
3. Find the area of an isosceles triangle having unequal side as 12 cm and each of the equal sides as 24 cm. Also, find its altitude corresponding to the unequal side.
4. Find the area of an equilateral triangle having a side of 20 cm in length. Also find its altitude.
5. The diagonals of a rectangle ABCD meet at O. If  $\angle BOC = 44^\circ$ , find  $\angle OAD$ .
6. In a  $\triangle ABC$ , X and Y are the points on AB and BC respectively. If  $BX = \frac{1}{2}AB$  and  $BY = \frac{1}{2}BC$  and  $AB=BC$ . Show that  $AY = CX$ .
7. If the bisectors of two adjacent angles A and B of a quadrilateral ABCD intersect at a point O such that  $\angle C + \angle D = k \angle AOB$ , then find the value of k.
8. In a  $\triangle ABC$ , right angled at B. Given that  $AB = 9$  cm,  $AC = 15$  cm and D, E are the mid points of the sides AB and AC respectively, find
  - i) The length of BC
  - ii) The area of  $\triangle ADE$
9. ABCD is a parallelogram. If E is the mid point of BC and AE is the bisector of  $\angle A$ . Prove that  $AB = \frac{1}{2}AD$
10. ABCD is parallelogram and E is the mid point of AD.  $DL \parallel BE$  meets AB produced at F. Prove that B is the mid point of AF and  $EB = LF$ .



Fill in the blanks :- (Q -11 to Q-15)

11. The figure obtained by joining mid points of the sides of a rhombus taken in order is \_\_\_\_\_
12. The diagonals AC and BD of a parallelogram ABCD intersect each other at the point O. If  $\angle DAC = 30^\circ$  and  $\angle AOB = 72^\circ$ , then  $\angle DBC =$  \_\_\_\_\_
13. If the diagonals of a quadrilateral bisect one another at right angles, then it is a \_\_\_\_\_
14. PQRS is a parallelogram. The angle bisectors of  $\angle P$  and  $\angle S$  meet at O. The measure of  $\angle POS$  is \_\_\_\_\_

15. The figure obtained by joining mid points of the sides of a quadrilateral taken in order is \_\_\_\_\_

Choose the correct answer : (Q-16 to Q-20)

16. The length of each side of an equilateral triangle having an area of  $16\sqrt{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup> is

- a) 10 cm                  b) 4 cm                  c) 6 cm                  d) 8 cm

17. If the sides of a triangle are doubled , then its area

- a) remain same          b) is doubled          c) becomes three times          d) becomes four times

18. The area of a right angled triangle whose legs are 12cm and 14 cm is

- a) 168 cm<sup>2</sup>                  b) 84 cm<sup>2</sup>                  c) 42 cm<sup>2</sup>                  d) 80 cm<sup>2</sup>

19. The altitude of an equilateral triangle is  $5\sqrt{3}$  cm. The area is

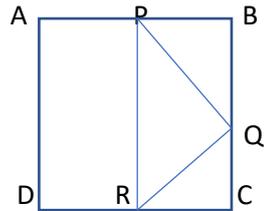
- a)  $50\sqrt{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>                  b)  $225\sqrt{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>                  c)  $40\sqrt{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>                  d)  $25\sqrt{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>

20. The length of hypotenuse of an isosceles right triangle with area 72 cm<sup>2</sup> is

- a) 12 cm                  b)  $12\sqrt{2}$  cm                  c) 24 cm                  d) 12.5 cm

**ST.THOMAS SCHOOL,INDIRAPURAM**  
**WORKSHEET CLASS-IX,OCTOBER (2019-20)**  
**LEVEL-2**

1. ABCD is a parallelogram. If the bisectors DP and CP of angles D and C meet at P on side AB, then show that P is the mid point of side AB.
2. ABCD is a square whose diagonals intersect at O. Calculate  $\text{ar}(\triangle AOB) : \text{ar}(ABCD)$
3. ABCD is a square. If  $\angle PQR = 90^\circ$  and  $PB = QC = DR$ , Prove that  $\angle QPR = 45^\circ$



4. ABCD is a trapezium with  $AB \parallel DC$ . X and Y are the midpoints of AD and BC respectively .  
If  $CD = 30\text{cm}$  and  $AB = 50\text{cm}$ , show that  $\text{ar}(DCYX) = \frac{7}{9} \text{ar}(XYBA)$
5. E, F are mid points of non-parallel sides AD, BC of a trapezium ABCD. Prove that  
 $EF \parallel AB$  and  $EF = \frac{1}{2}(AB + CD)$     ii) If  $AB = 12\text{cm}$ ,  $EF = 14\text{cm}$ , find CD.
6. The perimeter of a triangular park is 300cm and its sides are in the ratio 5 : 12 : 13. Find the length of the perpendicular from the opposite vertex to the side whose length is longest.
7. If the sides of rhombus are 6cm each and one diagonal is 8cm. Find the height of the rhombus.
8. Find the area of an isosceles triangle whose one side is 10cm greater than each of its equal sides and its perimeter is 100cm.
9. Find the percentage decrease in the area of a triangle if each of its side is halved.
10. A field is in the shape of a trapezium having parallel sides 90 m and 30 m. These sides meet the third side at right angles. The length of the fourth side is 100m. If it costs Rs.4 to plough  $1 \text{ m}^2$  of the field, find the total cost of ploughing the field.